



Nevada Titan

A Porphyry Copper System

TSXV: FAIR

Börse Frankfurt: Y4Y

OTCQB: FCHDF

April 7, 2026

Disclaimer & Forward-Looking Statements

Disclaimer - Certain statements contained herein, as well as oral statements that may be made by Richard Redfern QP may constitute “forward-looking statements.” Any reference to a “Historical Resource” contained herein is considered historical in nature and as such is based on prior data and reports prepared by previous property owners. Some of the rock chip and drillhole sample assays presented herein are from historical data that may pre-date NI 43-101. Most of the assays were performed by professional, ISO-certified assaying companies. The historical works mostly were conducted under the supervision of a person who is/was a Qualified Person. All post 2012 rock chip geochemical analyses were performed by certified assay labs. As such, the historical sampling, assaying and QA/QC protocols are not known, and therefore these results must also be seen and interpreted in an historical context. These data are presented here for historical information purposes only. These data have been studied and verified and felt to be appropriate at this early stage of this exploration project by Richard R. Redfern, MSc. and QP, who has written NI 43-101 technical reports on mineral properties. The contents of this presentation, including the historical information contained herein, are for informational purposes only and do not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation to purchase any securities referred to herein.

Forward looking statements - This presentation includes certain forward-looking statements about future events and/or financial results which are forward looking in nature and subject to risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements include without limitation, statements regarding the company’s plans, goals or objectives and future completion of mine feasibility studies, mine development programs, capital and operating costs, production, potential mineralization and reserves, exploration results and future planning and objectives of Fairchild. Forward-looking statements can generally be identified by forward-looking terminology such as “may,” “will,” “expect,” “intend,” “estimate,” “anticipate,” “believe,” or “continues” or the negative thereof or variations thereon or similar terminology. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate and actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from expectations include risks associated with mining generally and pre-development stage projects in particular including but not limited to changes in general economic conditions, litigation, legislative, environmental and other judicial, regulatory, technological and operational difficulties, labor relations matters, foreign exchange costs & rates.

Fairchild Gold: Nevada Titan Project

Fairchild Gold is a publicly traded mineral exploration company focused on acquiring and developing high-grade copper and gold assets across North America's most mining-friendly jurisdictions. With a disciplined approach to exploration and strategic partnerships, we're committed to creating sustainable shareholder value through responsible resource development.

Uncovering a New Copper-Gold Porphyry District in Nevada

Geological Conviction

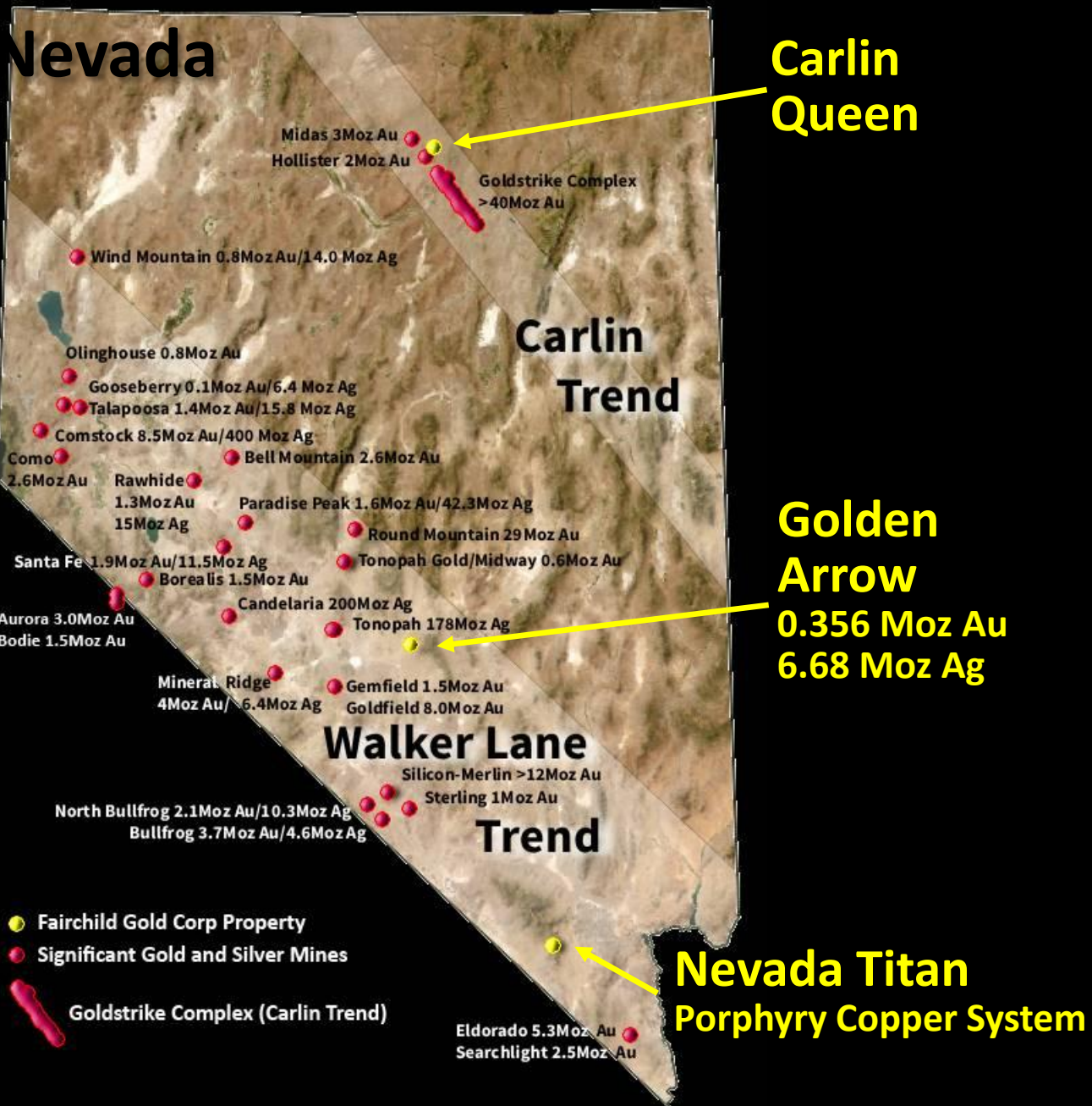
Strong evidence indicates a porphyry system drives the region's historically mined, metal-rich deposits.

Modern Exploration Approach

Advanced methods expand on twenty years of successful localized surface sampling campaigns.

Expanding Discovery Potential

The team is focused on revealing Titan's full geological scale and resource opportunity.



Nevada – Host to Many Rich Mineral Deposits

**Walker Lane and Carlin Mineral Belts
60 Moz Au and approximately 221 Moz Ag*
1835 – 2022 production exceeds 210 Moz Au,
valued at over \$300 billion.**

*Gold ~60 million oz Aggregated from Carlin Trend, Nevada Gold Mines, Cortez; 2024 industry reports

Silver ~221 million oz Byproduct-heavy; Rochester, Hycroft; 2024 disclosures

Location & Infrastructure

Infrastructure:

Accessible by paved roads takes **40 minutes** to drive from Las Vegas to the site.

Proximity (*30 meters away*) to electrical grid, with ***new powerlines*** being installed this month.

Equipment:

Multiple businesses available in Las Vegas for anything equipment required for the project.

International Airport providing quick access for anyone else.

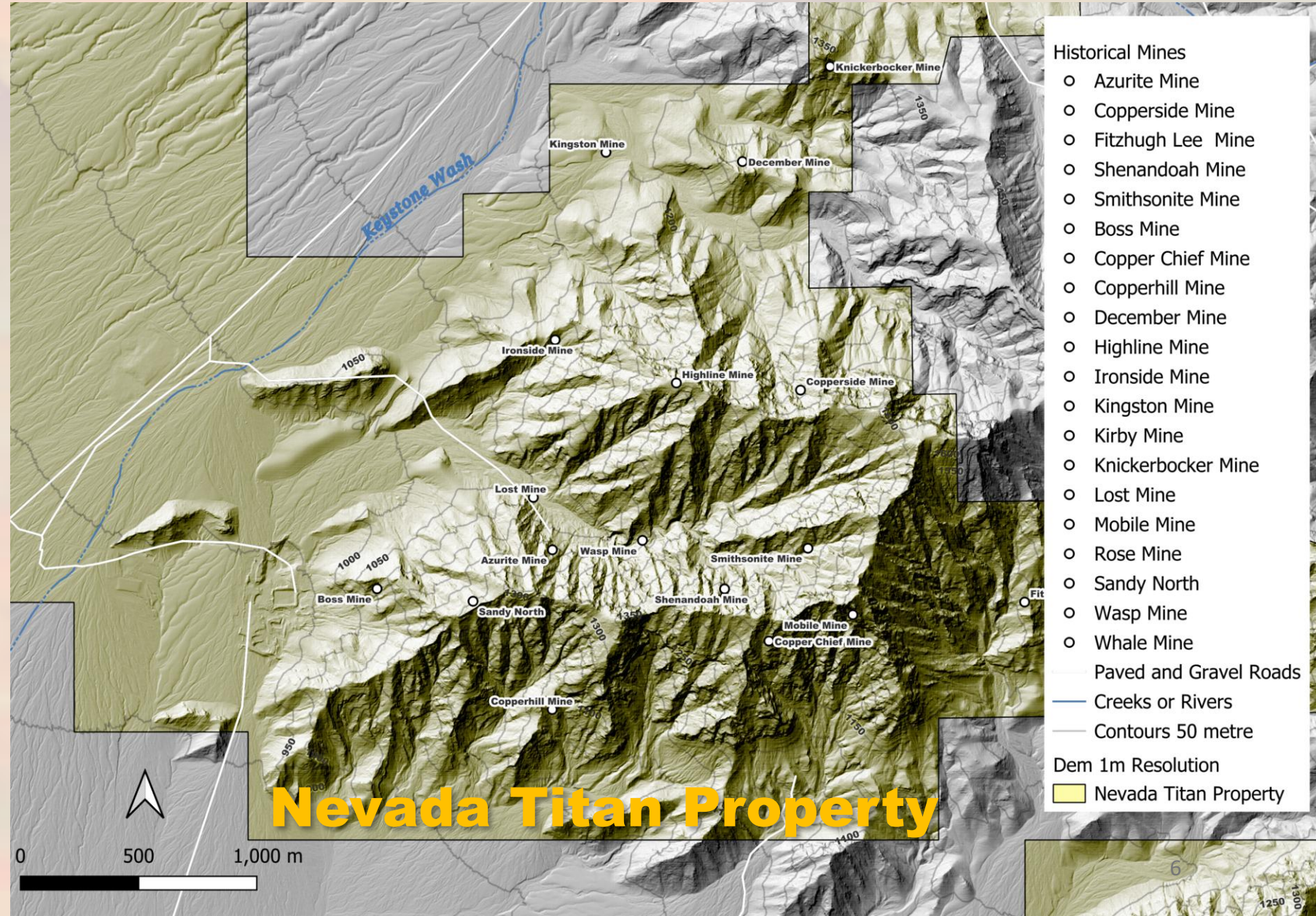
Sandy Valley is very accommodating to exploration operations.



Mining Historical of the District

From 1893 to 1957, the district produced approximately \$25 million in minerals (equivalent to over \$250 million today), dominated by zinc and lead but with significant byproducts. A post-World War I crash in 1919 caused a downturn, followed by brief intervals in 1921 and 1929. By the late 1940s, most operations ceased due to World War II. The last major activity ended around 1957, leaving behind ghost town remnants like Goodsprings, which preserves Old West history through sites like the Pioneer Saloon.

Work shows that the high-grade mineralization is still present and very rich in copper, silver, and other strategic metals.



Historical Mines in Property Area



Legend

● old mine

■ property area

Kingston Mine
Porphyry Cu-Au

Knickerbocker Mine
Au-Ag-Sb

December Mine
Cu-Au-Ag-Mo-Sb-Zn-Pb
Porphyry copper target with chargeability high ring

Ironside Mine
Au-Ag-Cu-Pd-Pt
Rh-Ir-Co-Sb-Ni-Bi
Pipe and porphyry target

Copperside Mine
Cu-Mo-Au-Ag
High grade Cu manto

Goodsprings

**Sandy Mines -
Copperhill Mines**
Cu-Au-Ag Skarn-Porphyry
Pipes and veins with Au-PGEs-Co-Bi

Sandy Valley

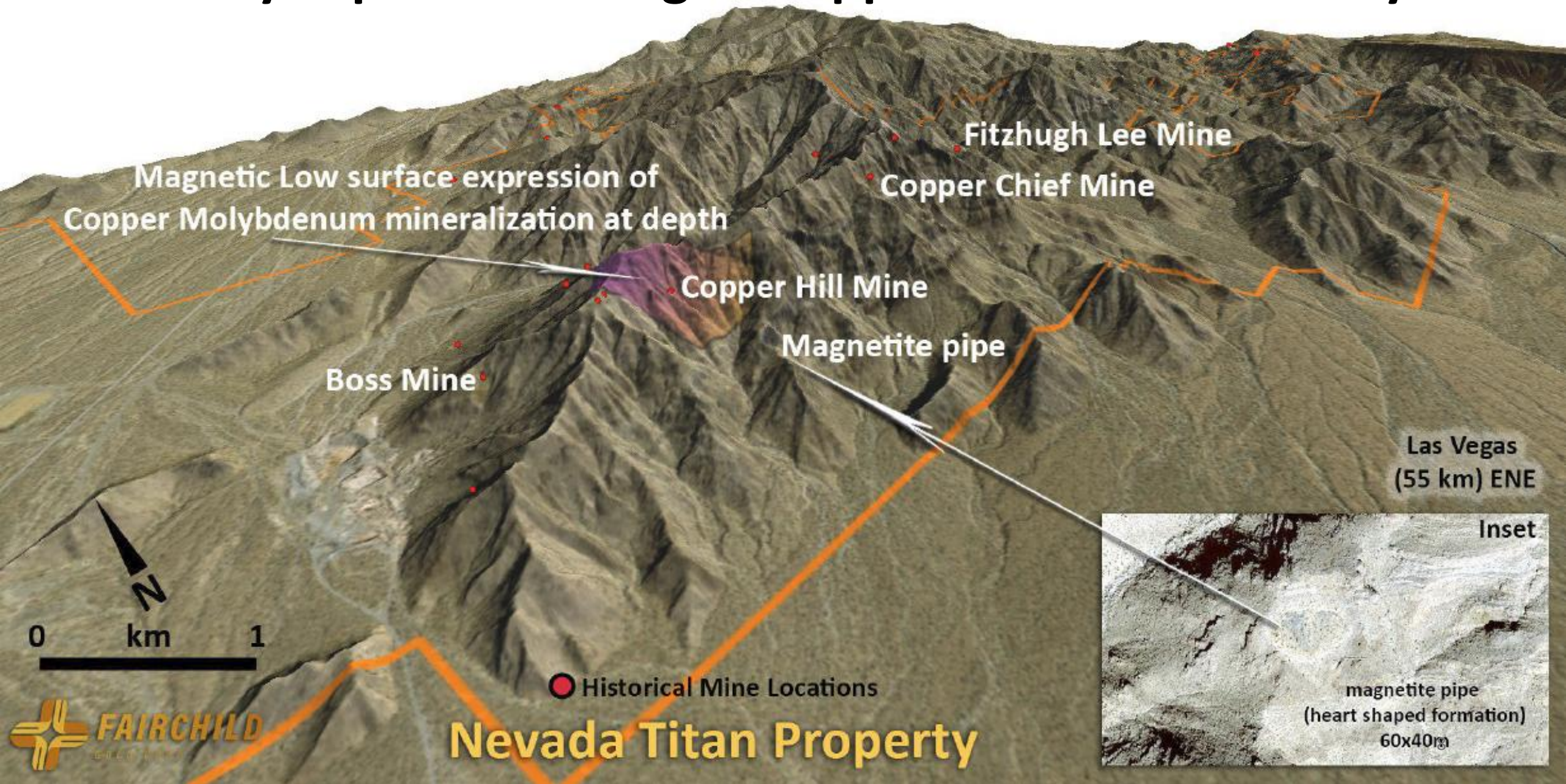
Copper Chief Mine
Cu-Au-Ag-Zn-Pb-Co
Skarn and possible porphyry

Rose Mine
Cu-Au

Whale Mine
Co-Au-Cu-Ni; Zn-Pb-Ag

0 km 3

Primary Exploration Target: Copper Hill Mine Anomaly



Exploration Focus:

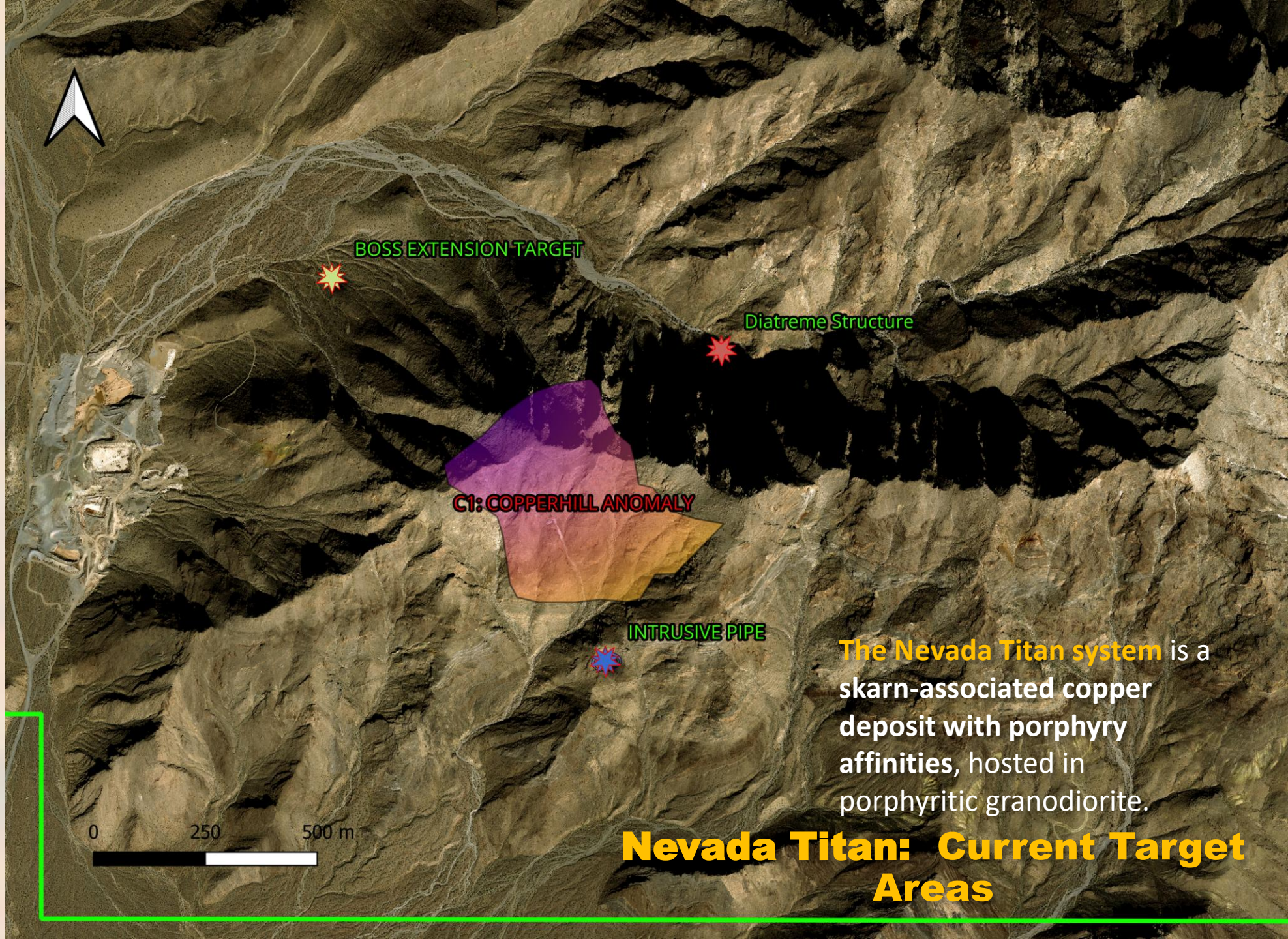
Evaluating high-grade copper-gold mineralization and identifying deeper targets.

Key Geological Features

Intrusions: Granodiorite and diorite bodies intruding carbonate host rocks.

Structural Controls: NE-SW trending faults and shear zones localizing mineralization.

Alteration: Skarn-related amphiboles and Fe-oxides, dolomitization, silicification, and secondary Biotite K-feldspar alteration.



The Nevada Titan system is a skarn-associated copper deposit with porphyry affinities, hosted in porphyritic granodiorite.

Nevada Titan: Current Target Areas



Las Vegas
26 km NE

Cg2
Cambrian Goodsprings Dolomite

Smithsonite
Copperside

Fitzhugh Lee

Copper Chief

Wasp

Shenandoah

Azurite


Breccia Pipe

Copper Hill

Magnetic Anomaly Low
Expected Porphyry Target

DCg4
Cambrian
Goodsprings Dolomite

Dsv
Devonian Sultan Limestone
Valentine member

 2025 Sampling Program Locations

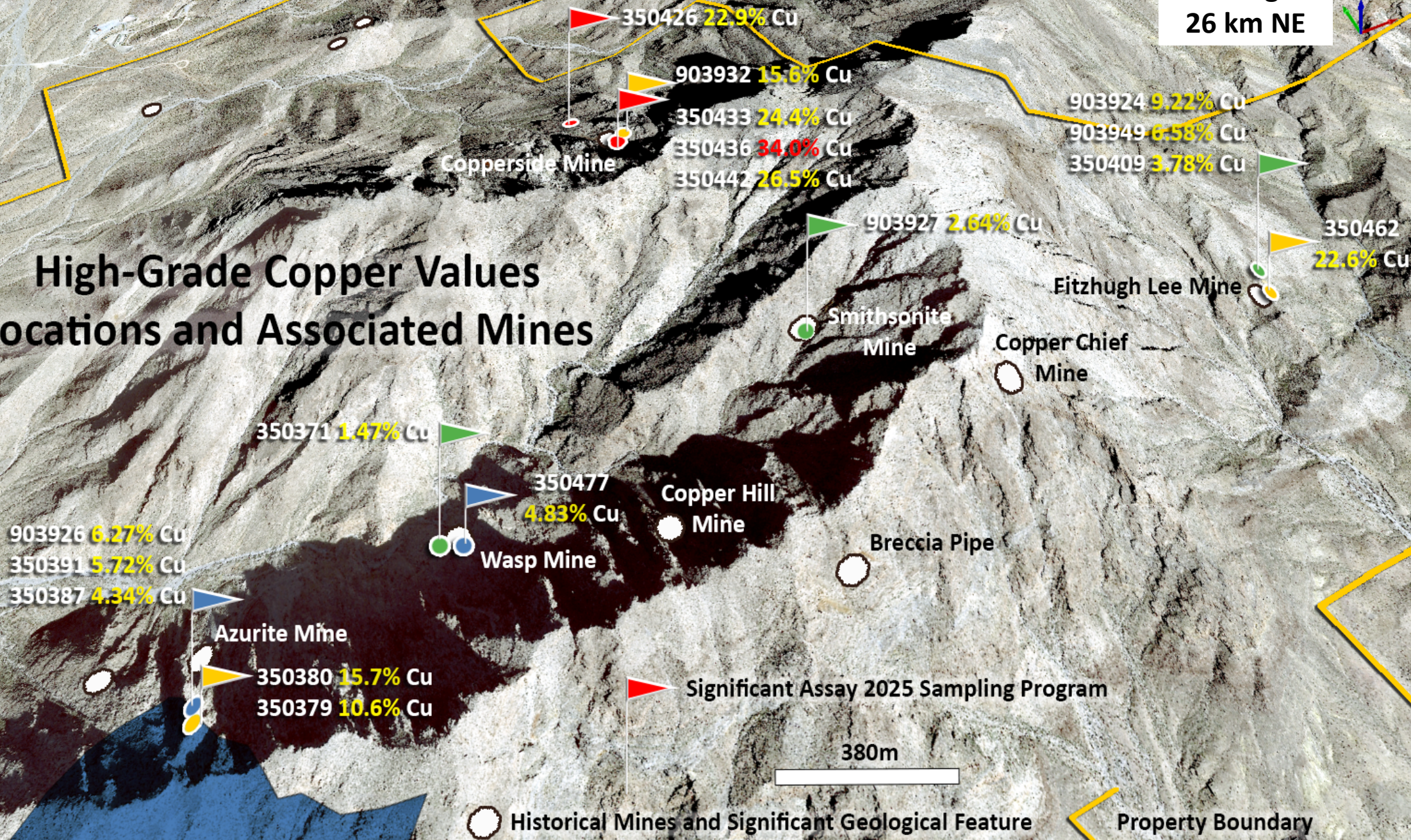
350m



Las Vegas
26 km NE



High-Grade Copper Values Locations and Associated Mines



2025 Highlights (outcrop samples)

Copperside Area/Mine

Sample	Cu %	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Mo (ppm)
350436	34.0	1.27	134	1,745
350442	26.5	0.45	2.55	853
350433	24.4	0.41	3.07	256
350426	22.9	0.28	17.45	52.3
903932	15.6	0.17	10.5	1,300

Azurite Mine

Sample	Cu %	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Mo (ppm)
350380	15.7	0.77	5.07	1,015
350379	10.6	0.22	9.54	2.74
903926	6.27	0.29	59.8	2.74
350391	5.72	1.33	17.95	17.9
350387	4.34	1.44	42.1	11.45

Fitzhugh Lee Mine and Area

Sample	Cu %	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Mo (ppm)
350462	22.60	0.28	77.4	164.0
903924	9.22	0.29	226.0	559.0
903949	6.58	0.61	18.3	928.0
350409	3.78	0.06	20.2	28.8

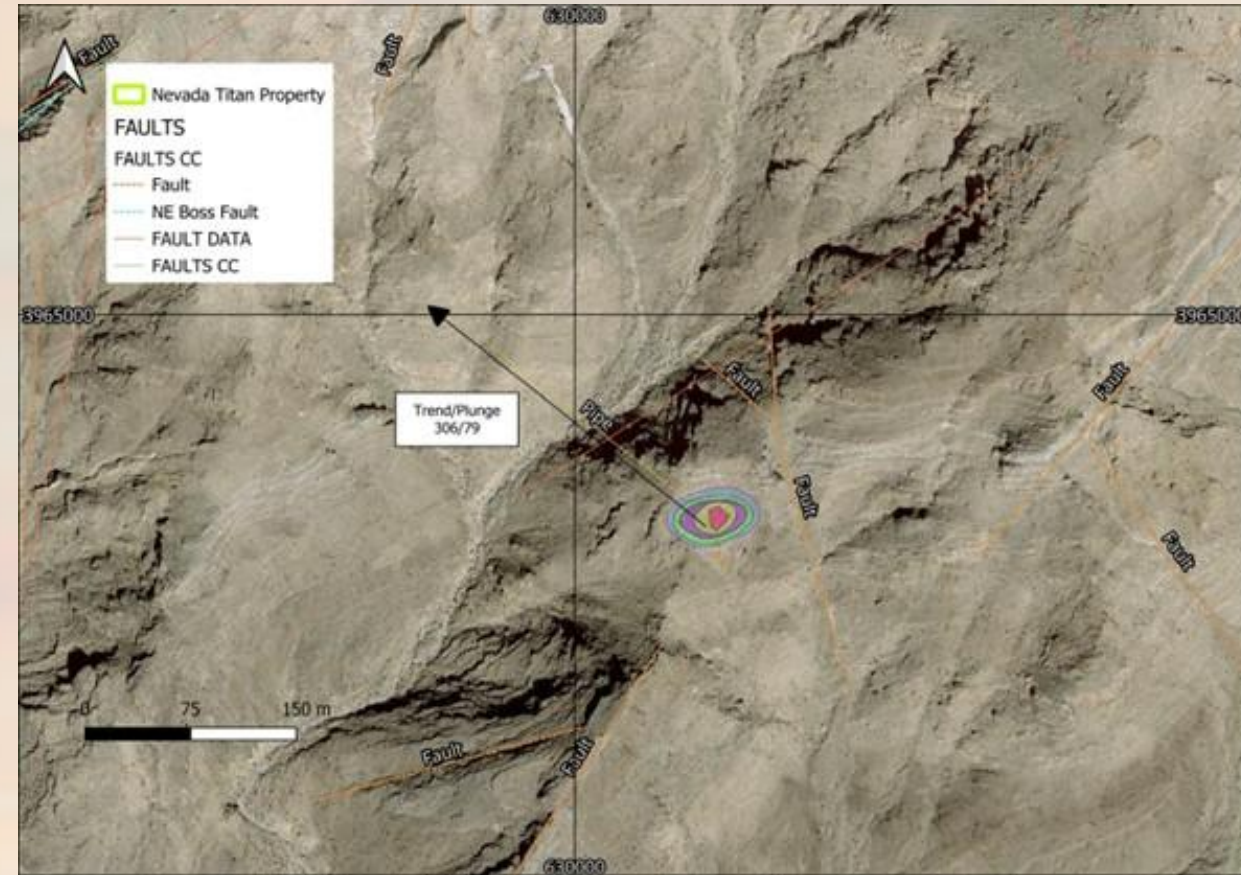
Other Samples

Sample	Area	Cu %	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Mo (ppm)
350477	Wasp Mine	4.83	0.24	97.0	44.2
903927	Smithsonite Area	2.64	0.32	154.0	12.6
350371	Wasp Mine	1.47	0.62	4.56	1450

Magnetic Breccia Pipe Discovery – Significance & Porphyry Affinity

Geological mapping during the 2025 program has outlined a “steeply dipping hydrothermal breccia pipe exposed on the surface in the central part of the property”. The breccia is matrix-supported with angular carbonate clasts and fine-grained hydrothermal material, consistent with magmatic-hydrothermal breccias described in porphyry-related systems.

Breccia pipes are recognized as important vertical fluid pathways in porphyry–skarn systems, often marking the connection between intrusive sources at depth and high-grade mineralization near the surface. The presence of garnet-bearing skarn textures in the matrix, coupled with elevated molybdenum signatures in nearby samples, provides a strong porphyry affinity. Sampling of the breccia pipe has been completed, and assays are pending.



Magnetic Breccia Pipe - High Resolution Real Colour Imaging

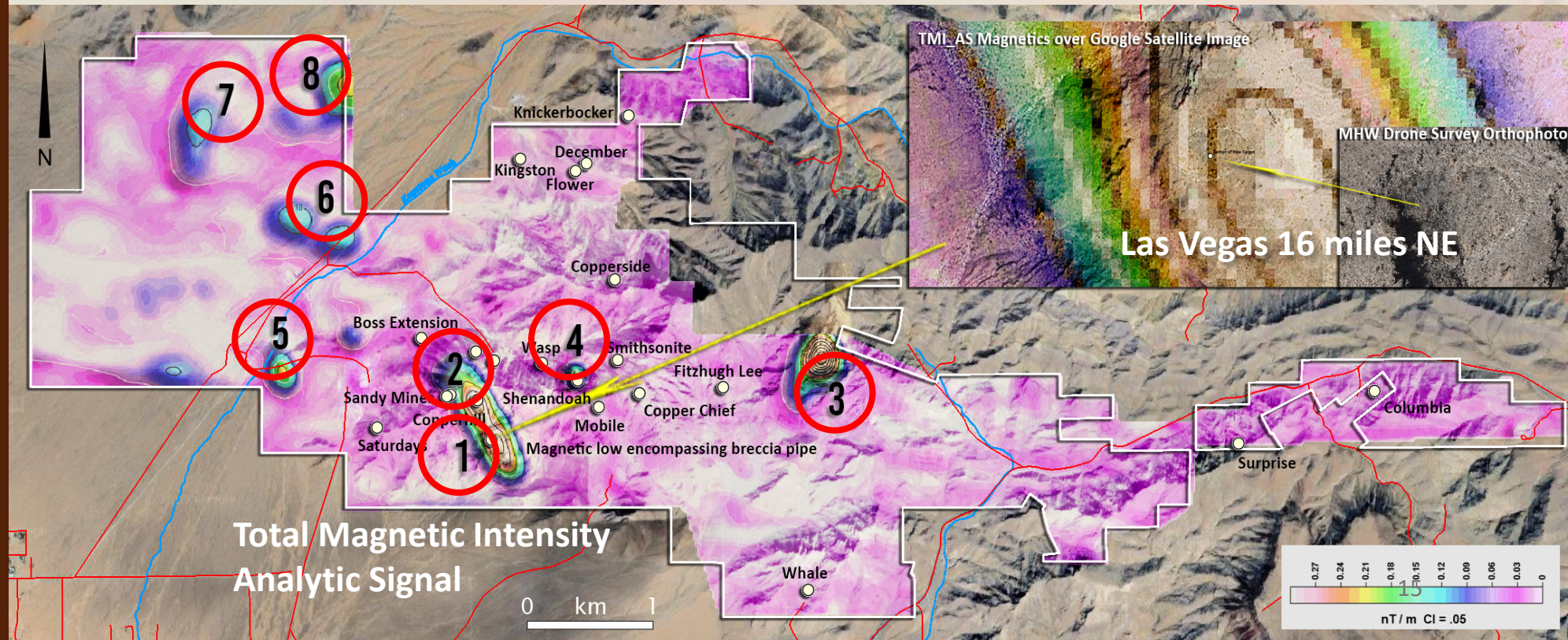
Drone colour imaging is a product from the magnetics survey highlighting the alteration outline from the pipe emplacement chemical interaction.



Nevada Titan Project Magnetics Survey

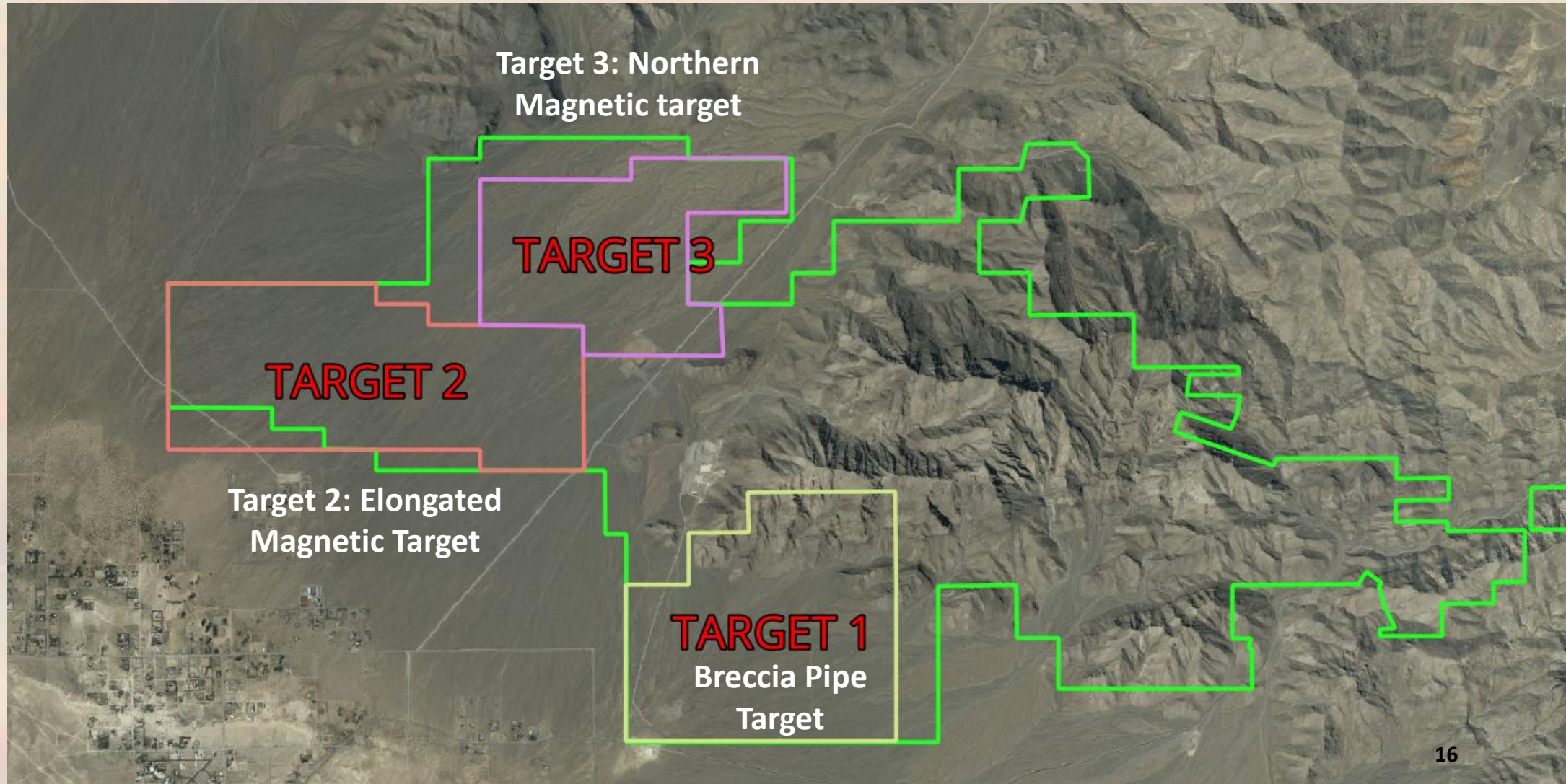
8 anomalous magnetic signatures were discovered from the Drone Magnetics Survey

A major porphyry copper target lies beneath historic copper, antimony, and cobalt mines. The November 2025 drone magnetics survey, independently interpreted, significantly expanded the list of prospective sites for further exploration.

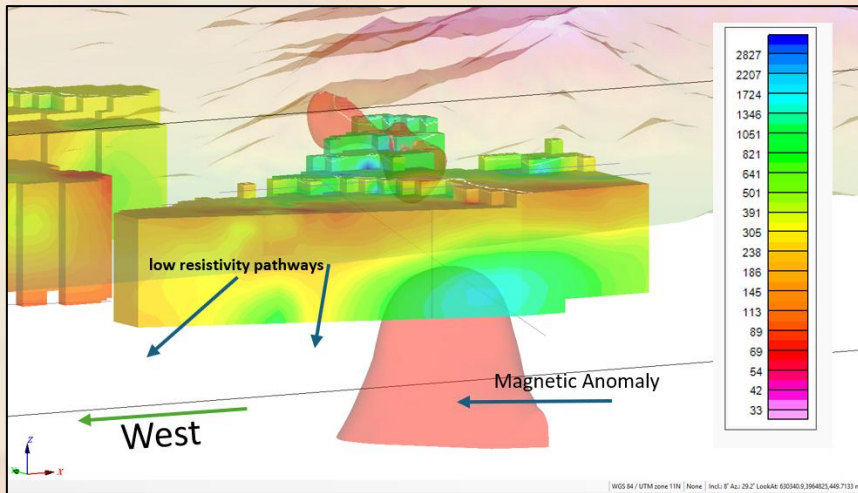


High Priority Targets

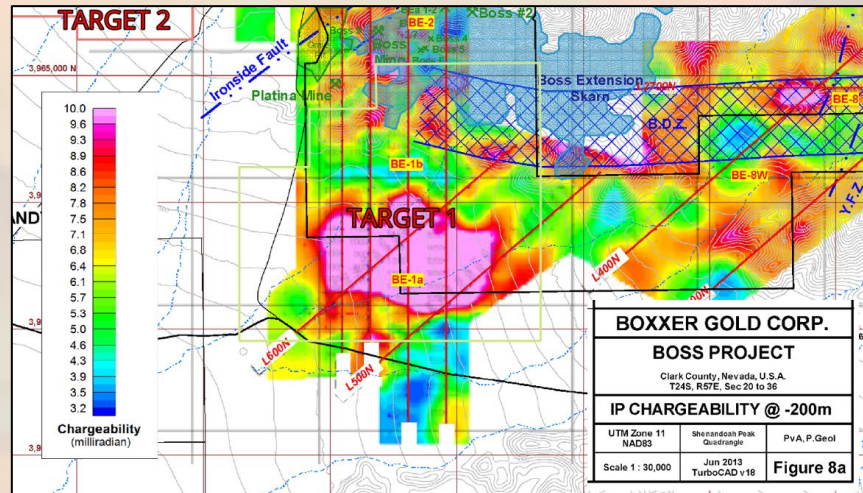
New exploration zones - Fairchild has identified three overlapping geophysical anomalies on the project. Additional information on these targets can be found on the following pages.



Target #1



CSAMT survey confirms low resistive anomaly under Target 1, arrows show low resistivity pathways. (CSAMT rendering in foreground with magnetic high in background)



Historical IP survey (~1998) shows high chargeability anomaly under Target 1



Highly magnetic remnant anomaly in Target 1, with skarn mineralogy (Garnet and Pyroxene) and magnetic characteristics – confirmed by sampling.



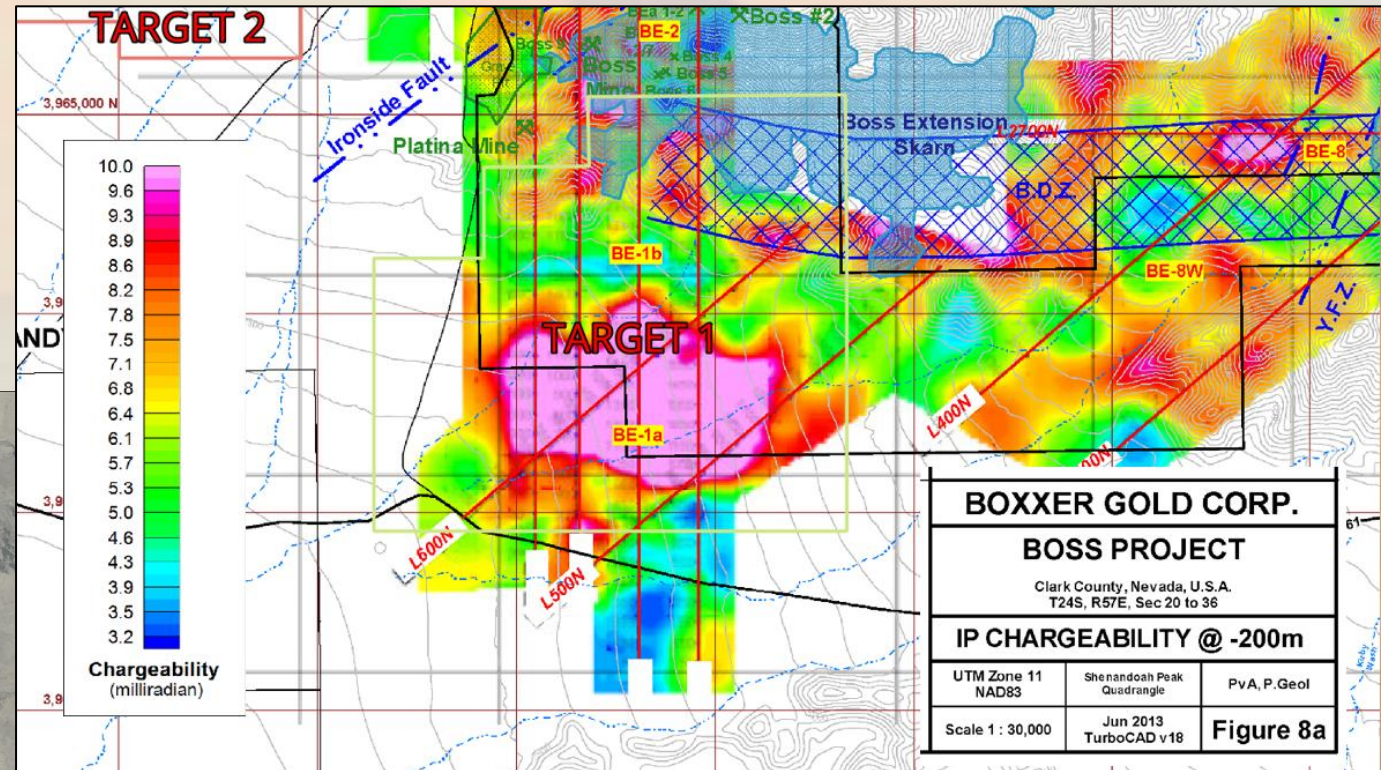
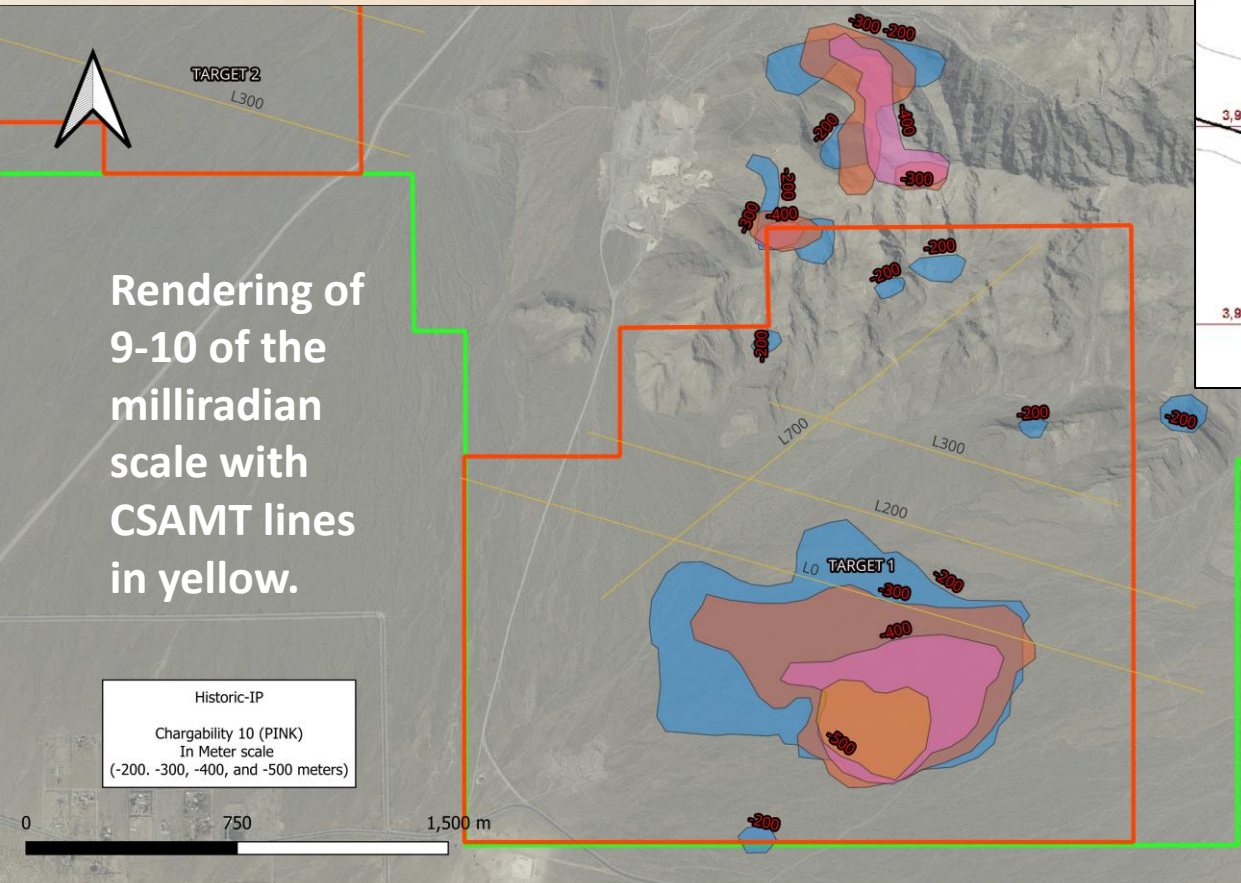
The Magnetic Breccia Pipe Target area is based around FG's pipe target anomaly.

In the *fall of 2025*, a Drone Mag Survey was conducted, confirming a **large magnetic anomaly** under the foothills south of the Breccia Pipe.

In **February 2026** a **CSAMT survey** was done of the same ground. With **4 lines** over the target, showing **low resistivity** in the area to the southwest.

In addition, **CSAMT** also **verified the historical-IP** which gives not only a low resistivity but a high chargeability.

Target #1 – Historic-IP

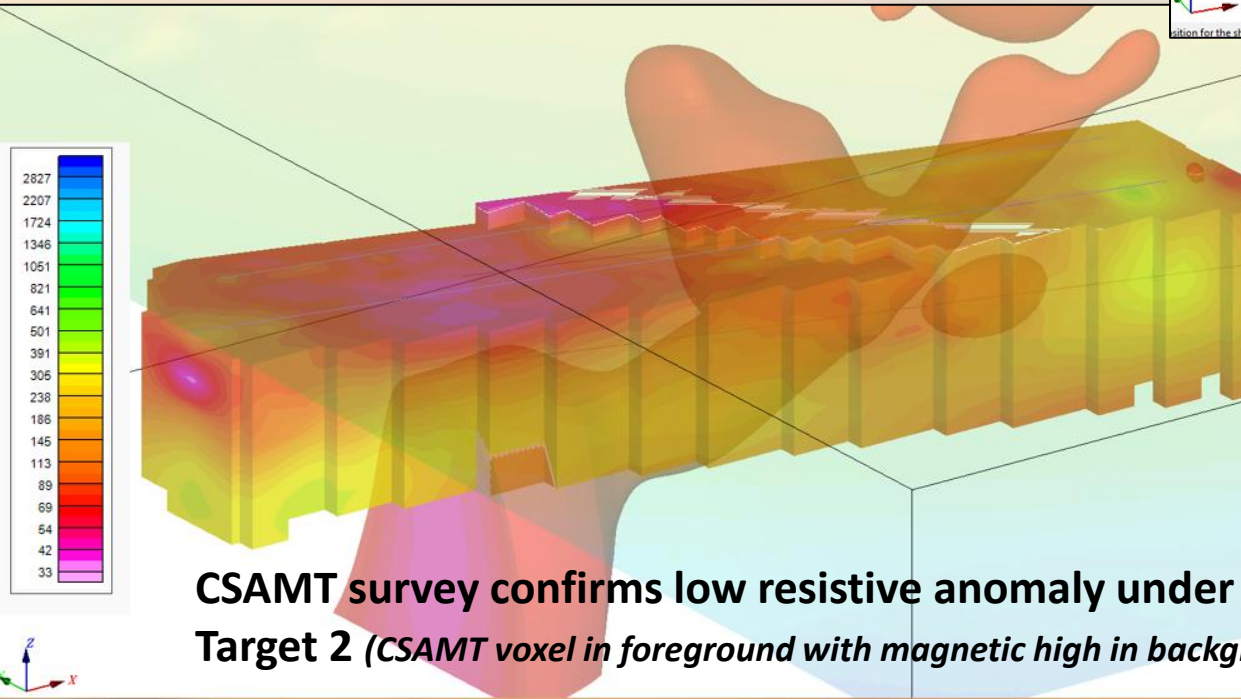
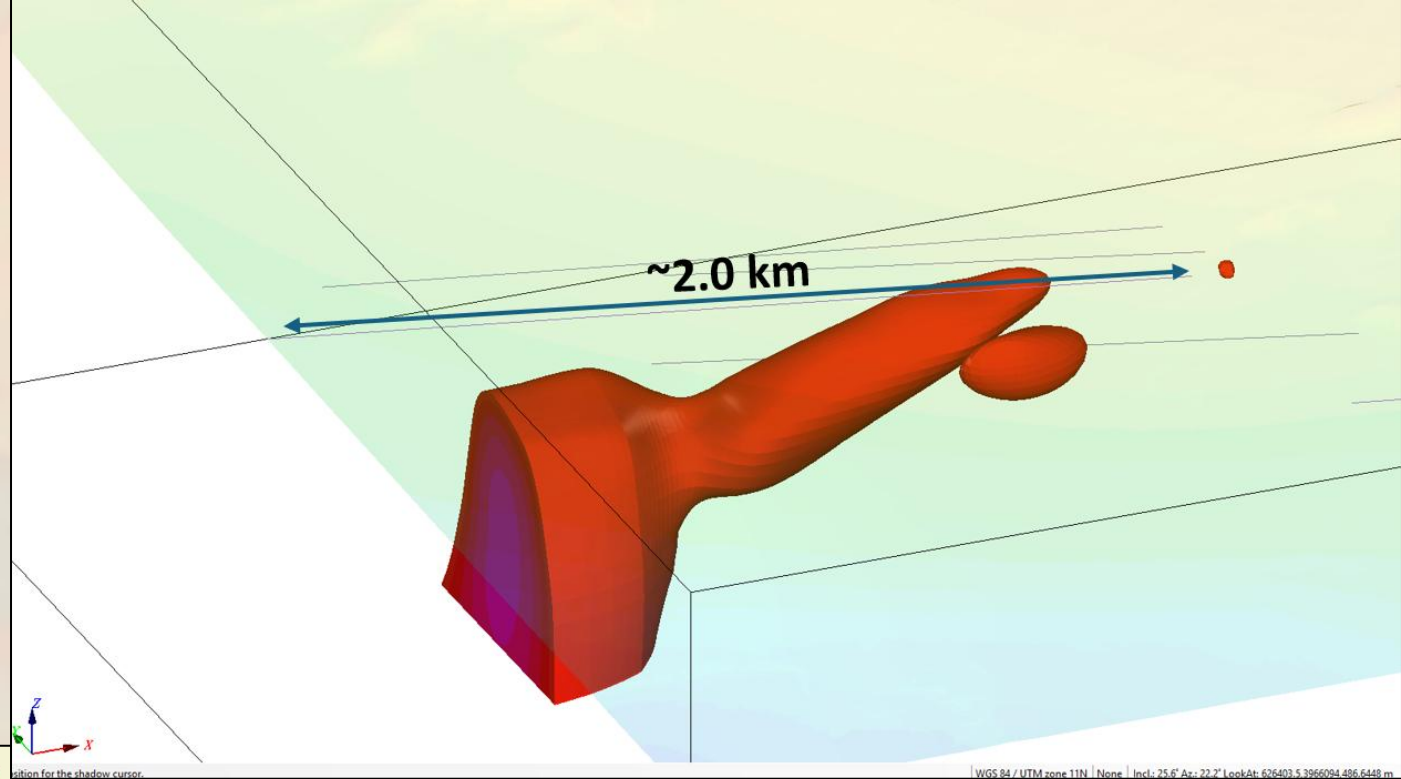


Same picture of original map of historic IP

Target #2

Target 2 Area is based around the elongated magnetic anomaly.

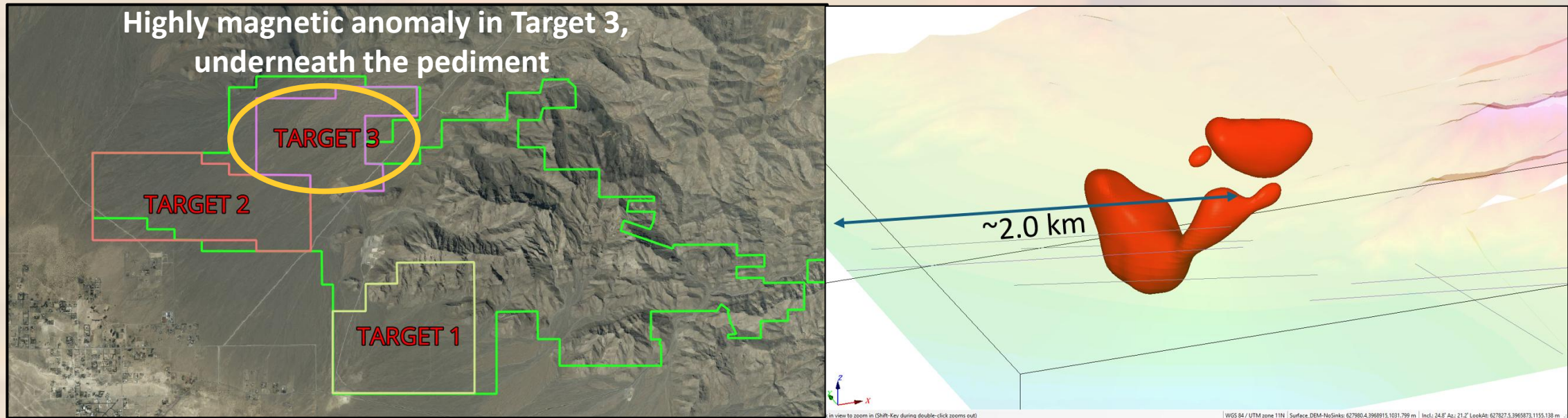
In the *fall of 2025*, a Drone Mag Survey was conducted, confirming a **large elongate magnetic anomaly** under the pediment in the western part of the property.



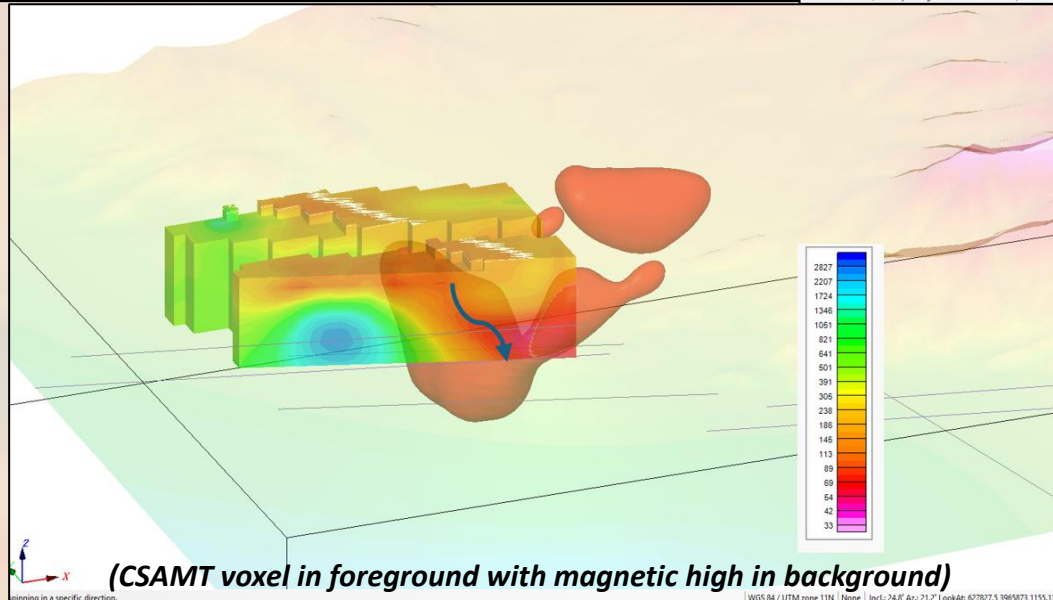
CSAMT survey confirms low resistive anomaly under Target 2 (CSAMT voxel in foreground with magnetic high in background)

In **2026** a **CSAMT** survey was done of the same ground. With **2 lines** over the target, showing **low resistivity along the entire area.**

Target #3

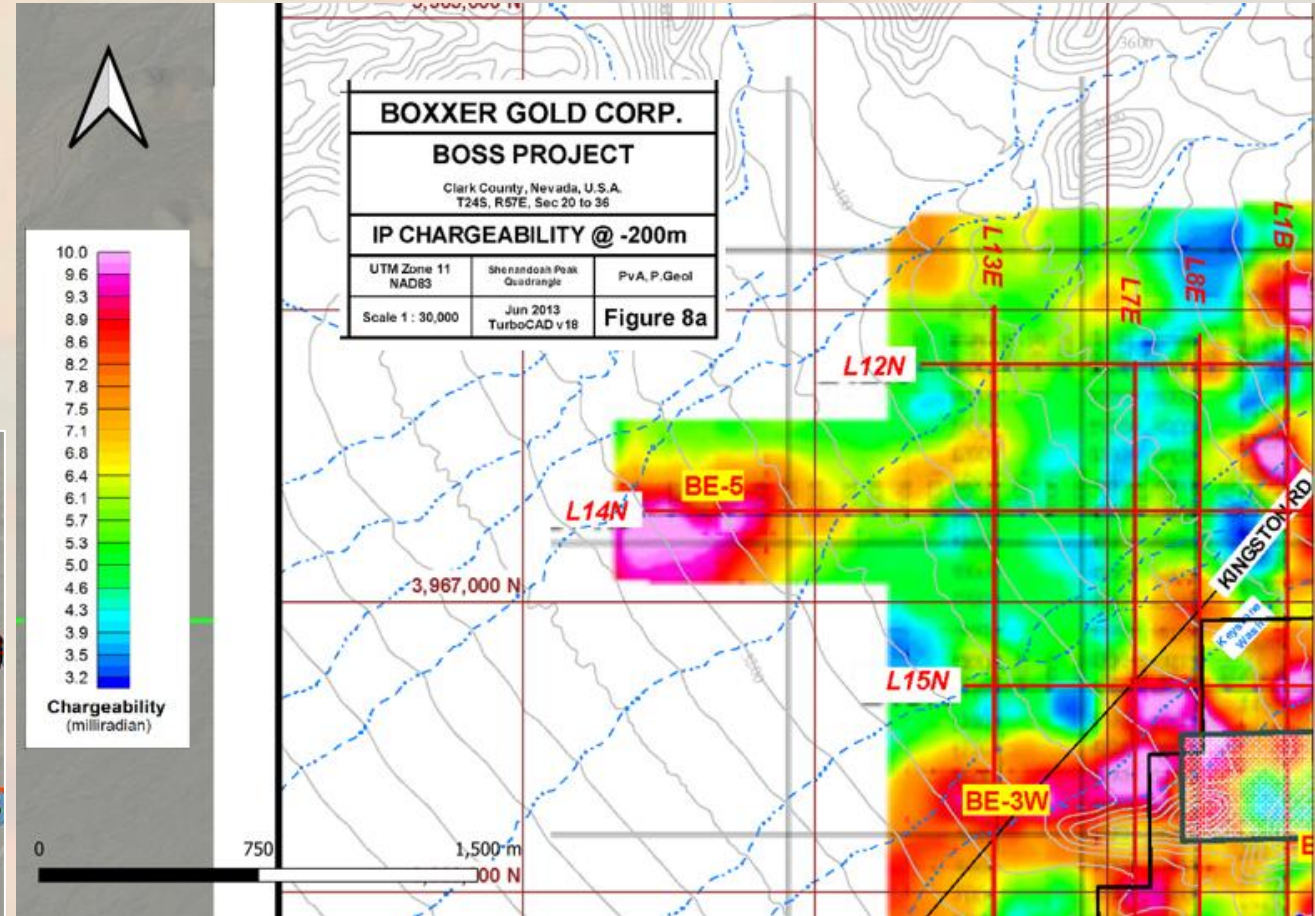
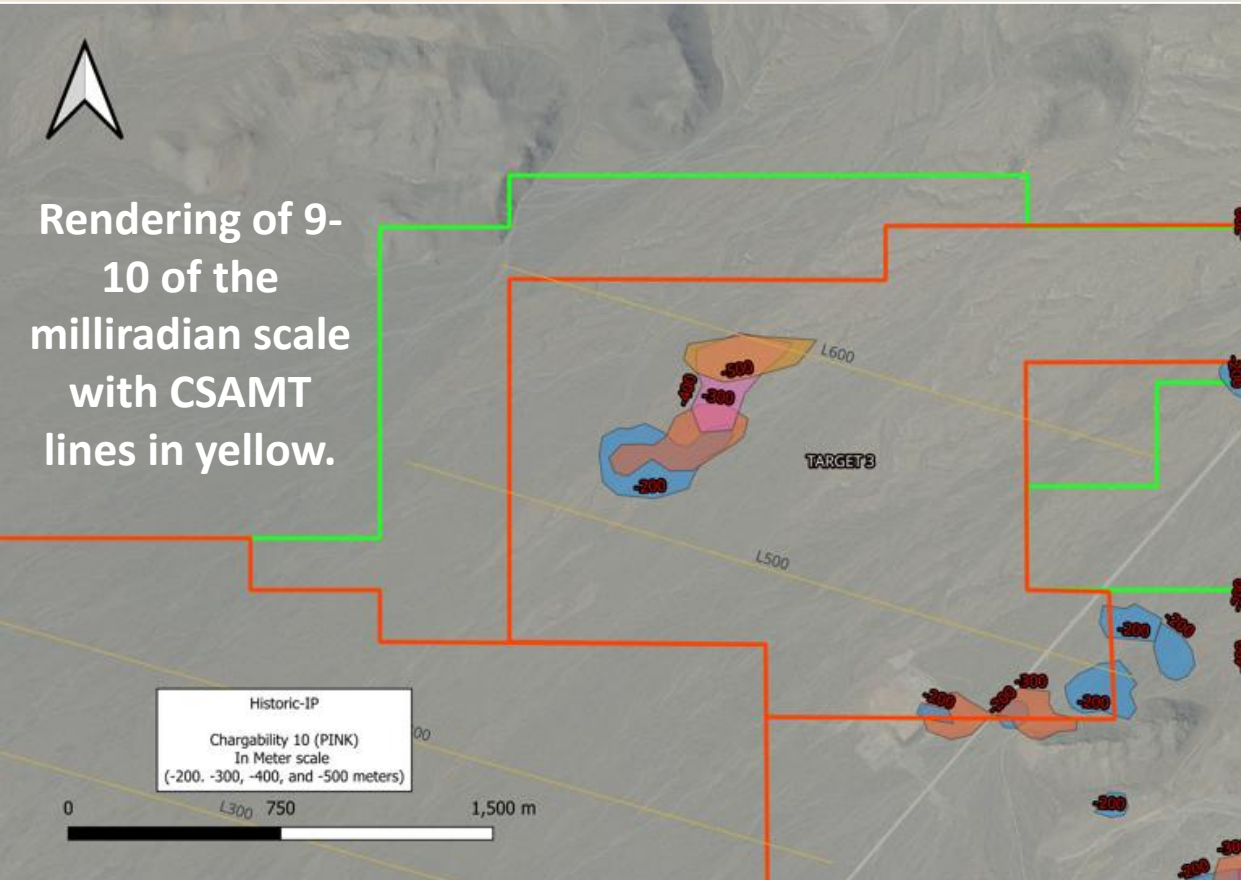


CSAMT survey confirms large low resistive anomaly under Target 3, arrows showing low resistive pathways.



Magnetic survey confirms magnetic anomaly underneath Target 3 area.

Target #3 – Historic-IP



Same picture of original map of historic IP

CSAMT Survey

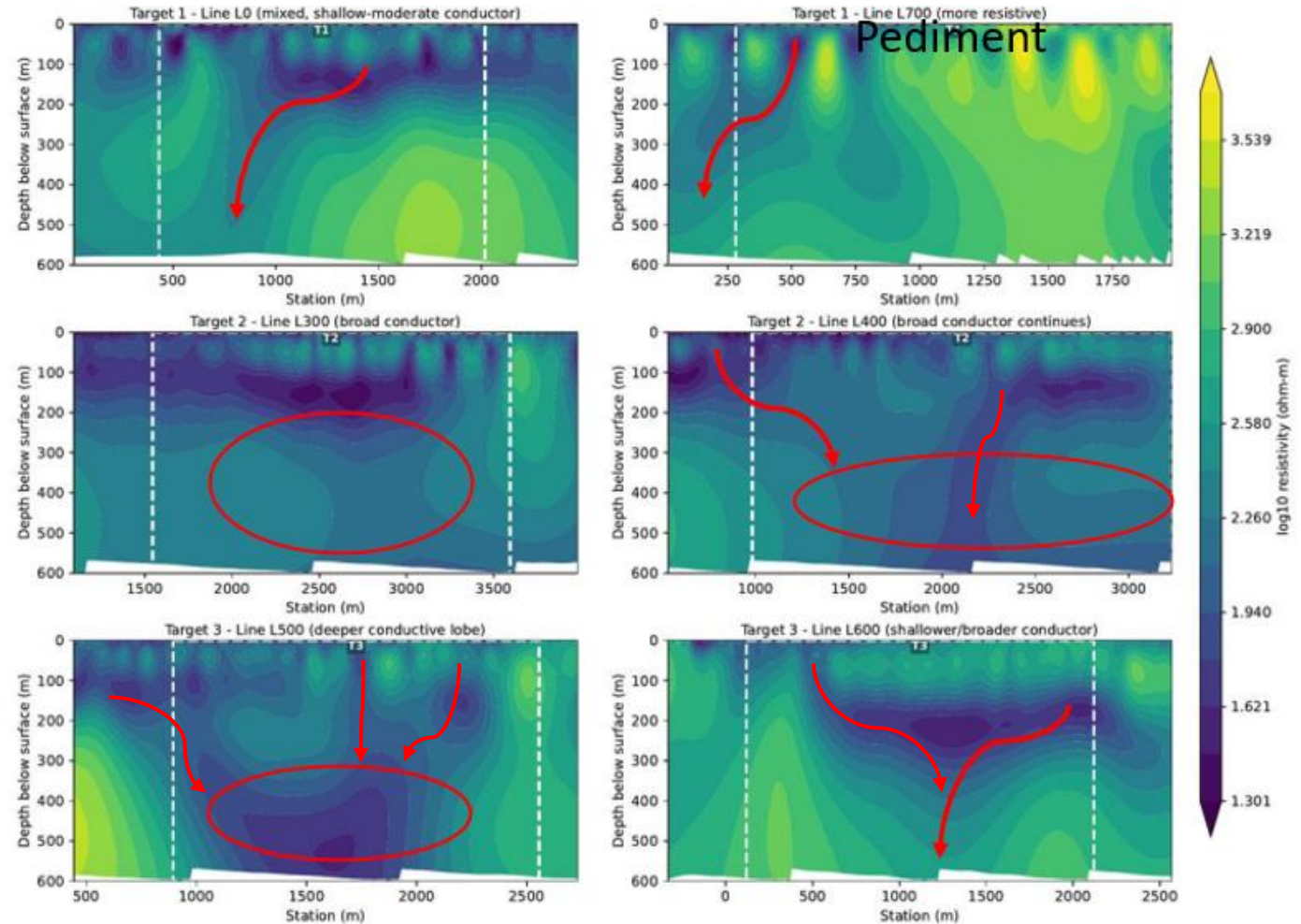
February 2026

1. The **red arrows** show low resistivity conduits and the **red circles** show large areas of low resistivity.
2. These lines were conducted over already magnetized areas
3. What do you need for a porphyry?
 - a. Magnetism ✓
 - b. Low Resistive Area ✓
 - c. Chargeability ✓

What is under Targets 1, 2, and 3?

The section set below is the current resistivity architecture used in the comparison. Lower resistivity (cool colors) marks conductive zones; higher resistivity (warm colors) marks resistive zones.

CSAMT sections used in the target-by-target comparison



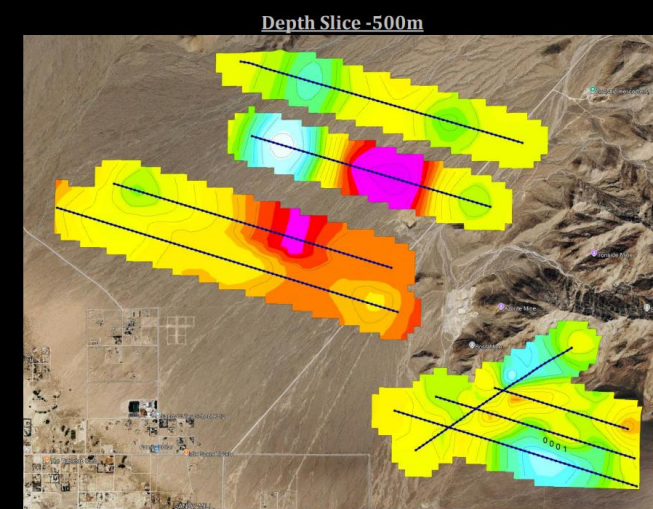
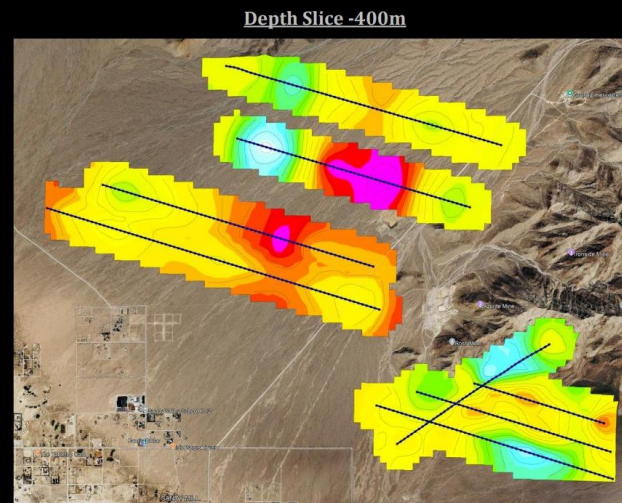
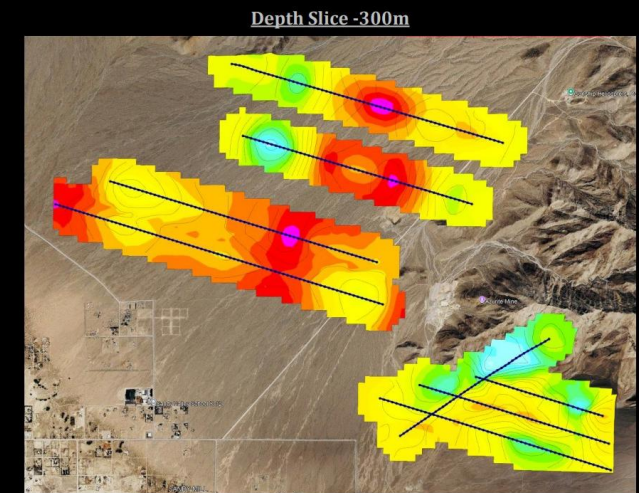
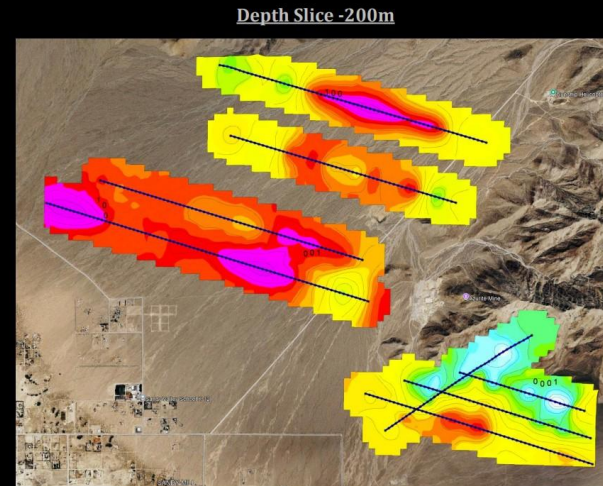
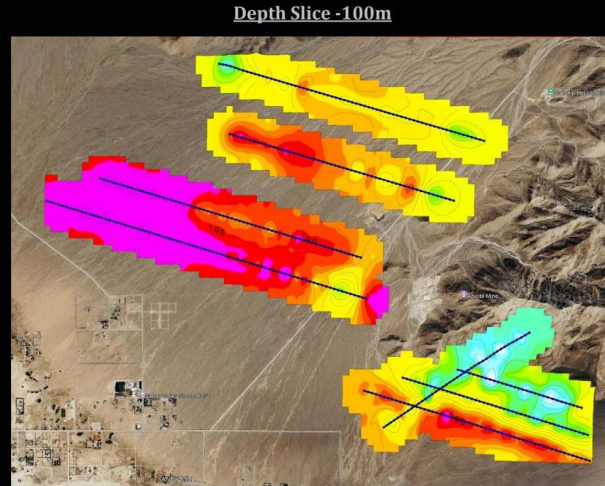
Dashed white boxes show where each CSAMT line passes through the mapped target footprint. Lower resistivity (cool colors) marks conductive zones; higher resistivity (warm colors) marks resistive zones.

Interpretive read: T1 is mixed-to-resistive and fits a pipe-like magnetite center with conductive margins; T2 is the broadest and most coherent conductor and remains the best blind conductive target; T3 is conductive but clearly geometry-sensitive, with a dip/plunge component.

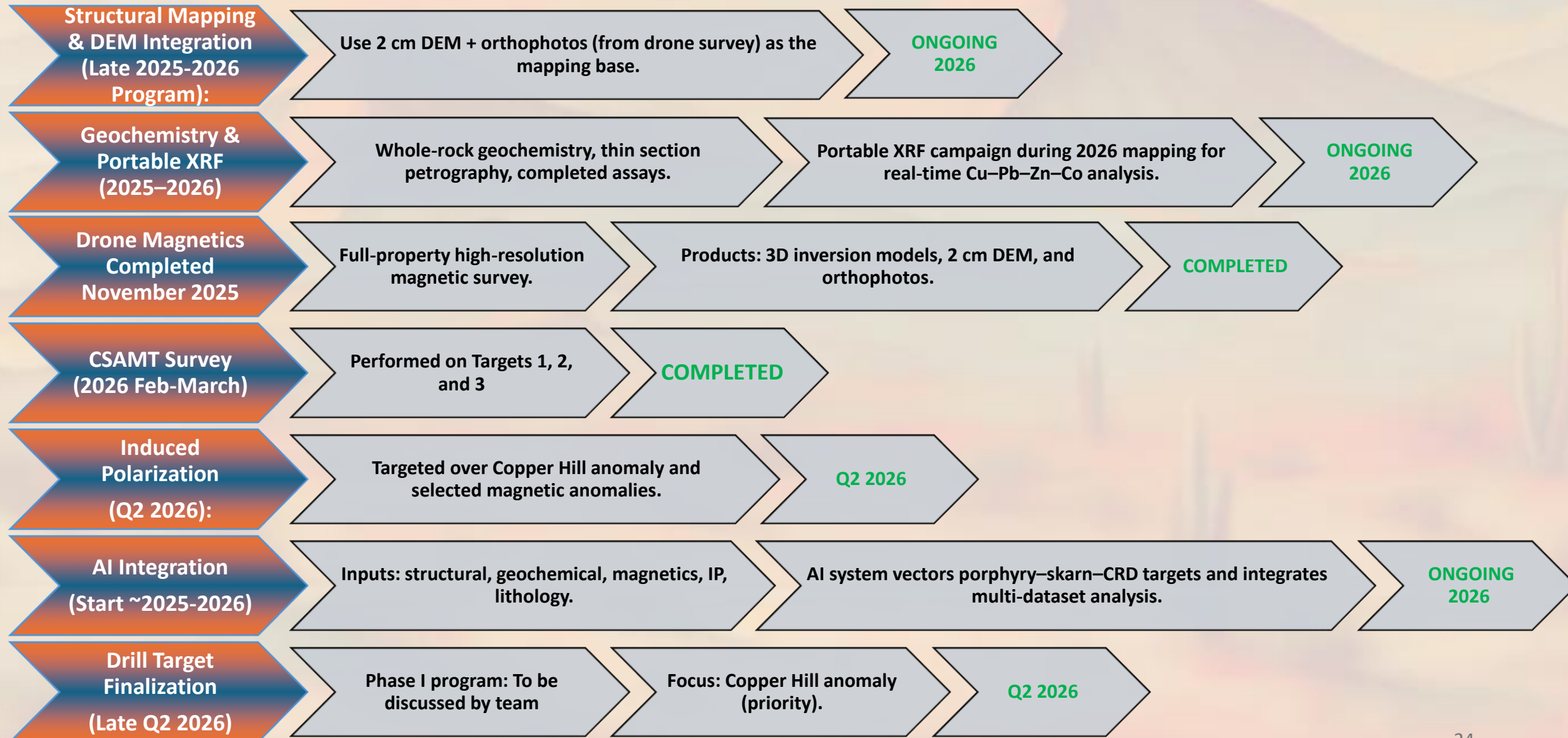
CSAMT SURVEY:

*Depth
slices of
CSAMT
survey*

*(February-
March 2026)*



Exploration Plan





For More Information

(866) 497-0284

info@fairchildgold.com

www.fairchildgold.com

